process is not flawless, but I also know that

it is my responsibility to improve it.

Mahatma Ghandi once said, "You must be the change you wish to see in the world." I am responsible for creating the America of tomorrow. I must be involved in the political process in order to do so. I grew up observing the disparity between the quality of public education provided to students of lower and higher income homes. I spend a good amount of time each day watching the news and reading about what is wrong with the world. According to Beyond ABC 2012, an assessment of children's health, about eight percent of children in the U.S. have no medical insurance but the percentage of Texas children without medical insurance is significantly higher at fourteen percent. According to the National Institutes of Health, twenty percent of Americans suffer from a diagnosable form of mental illness and yet the problem of mental illness remains largely unscathed. These problems will not simply fix themselves. It is up to me to exercise my rights as a citizen to change my city, state and nation for the better. If I do not make an effort to fight for what I believe in, I cannot expect others to do so for me.

TRIBUTE TO CHARLES W. GOULD

HON. JAMES E. CLYBURN

OF SOUTH CAROLINA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, May 23, 2013

Mr. CLYBURN, Mr. Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to a tremendous educator and wonderful visionary on the occasion of his retirement. Dr. Charles W. Gould is retiring as president of Florence-Darlington Technical College after nearly 20 years of service. His leadership will certainly be missed, but his legacy will continue at the college and throughout the State of South Carolina.

Dr. Gould knew from a young age that he was passionate about education. He earned a Master's degree from the University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee with an emphasis on the philosophy of mathematics and a Ph.D. from Duke University with an emphasis on ethics and law.

Early in his career, Dr. Gould taught at Duke University, the University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee, and he was an Associate Managing Editor of a national educational publishing company. He has been in the technical college system of South Carolina for over thirty years and has served in three of the system's sixteen technical colleges.

His last and most significant position is serving as president of Florence-Darlington Technical College since November, 1993. During his tenure he has more than doubled the student body from less than 3,000 to more than 6,000 today. He has also grown the college by adding the health sciences campus in downtown Florence, the Lake City and Mullins satellite sites as well as expanding the Hartsville

My service in Congress has coincided with Dr. Gould's presidency at Florence-Darlington Tech. During those two decades it was an honor to work with him, especially to secure funding for his crowning achievement. In 2007, the Southern Institute of Manufacturing and Technology (SIMT) opened and fulfilled Dr. Gould's vision for the college to provide hands on technical training in advanced manufacturing for students and local industry professionals. He oversaw the completion of the second phase of SIMT earlier this year which serves as a manufacturing business incubator.

In addition to his leadership at Florence-Darlington Tech, Dr. Gould serves on the board of the Commission on Colleges for the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools and frequently chairs accreditation teams and special projects for the Commission on Colleges. He also serves on the board of the National Council of Advanced Manufacturing and Technology Centers, Global Learning Systems and several other national organization boards of directors.

In the community, he currently chairs the Florence County Economic Development Partnership; is past president and ex-officio board member of the Greater Florence Chamber of Commerce; is an advisory board member for the Darlington County Economic Development Board, SCANA, Progress Energy, and BB&T Rank

Mr. Speaker, I ask you and my colleagues to join me in congratulating Dr. Charles Gould for his visionary leadership and tremendous dedication to Florence-Darlington Technical College and the State of South Carolina. He deserves commendation for his many contributions as he embarks on a well-deserved retirement. I extend best wishes to him as he enters this new phase in his life, and thank him for his service and his friendship.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

HON. JOHN P. SARBANES

OF MARYLAND

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Thursday, May 23, 2013

Mr. SARBANES. Mr. Speaker, on rollcall Nos. 164-179, had I been present, I would have voted: Nos. 164—"yes"; No. 165—"yes"; No. 166—"yes"; No. 167—"no"; No. 168— "no"; No. 169—"no"; No. 170—"yes"; No. 171—"yes"; No. 172—"yes"; No. 173—"yes"; No. 174—"yes"; No. 175—"yes"; No. 176— "yes"; No. 177-"yes"; No. 178-"yes"; No. 179—"no".

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

HON. EDWARD J. MARKEY

OF MASSACHUSETTS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, May 23, 2013

Mr. MARKEY. Mr. Speaker, on rollcall vote No. 179, Final Passage of H.R. 3: Northern Route Approval Act (Keystone XL Pipeline), my vote is not recorded. Had I been present, I would have voted "nay."

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

HON. GWEN MOORE

OF WISCONSIN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, May 23, 2013

Ms. MOORE. Mr. Speaker, I rise today regarding my absence from the House for the first votes on the evening of May 22, 2013. During this time, I was unfortunately detained in traffic returning to Capitol Hill following an

event in downtown DC. I would like to submit how I would have voted had I been in attendance for the following votes:

Rollcall No. 169, on Agreeing to Amendment No. 1 (H.R. 3). I would have voted "no." Rollcall No. 170, on Agreeing to Amendment No. 2. I would have voted "yea."

Rollcall No. 171, on Agreeing to Amendment No. 3. I would have voted "yea."

Rollcall No. 172, on Agreeing to Amendment No. 4. I would have voted "yea."

Rollcall No. 173, on Agreeing to Amendment No. 5. I would have voted "yea."

Rollcall No 174, on Agreeing to Amendment No. 6. I would have voted "yea."

Rollcall No. 175, on Agreeing to Amendment No. 7. I would have voted "yea."

Rollcall No. 176, on Agreeing to Amendment No. 8. I would have voted "yea."

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

HON. MICHAEL E. CAPUANO

OF MASSACHUSETTS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, May 23, 2013

Mr. CAPUANO. Mr. Speaker, I missed several votes on Monday, and I wish to state for the record how I would have voted had I been present: rollcall No. 161-"yes"; rollcall No. . 162—"ves."

THOMASINA E. JORDAN INDIAN TRIBES OF VIRGINIA FEDERAL RECOGNITION ACT

HON. JAMES P. MORAN

OF VIRGINIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, May 23, 2013

Mr. MORAN. Mr. Speaker, today I am introducing the Thomasina E. Jordan Indian Tribes of Virginia Federal Recognition Act. This is the seventh time I have introduced legislation that would grant federal recognition to six Indian tribes in Virginia: the Chickahominy, the Eastern Chickahominy, the Upper Mattaponi, the Rappahannock, the Monacan, and the Nansemond. I am joined by my Virginia colleagues, Reps. BOBBY SCOTT, ROBERT WITT-MAN and GERRY CONNOLLY.

Similar measures passed the House and the Senate Indian Affairs Committee during the 110th and 111th Sessions of Congress. Unfortunately, both measures were ultimately defeated when the objections of a few Senators were not overridden.

The impasse in Congress and the demeaning and dysfunctional acknowledgement process at the Bureau of Indian Affairs only compound the grave injustices this legislation seeks to redress and compels me to continue this cause and reintroduce this legislation today. The injustices the Virginia tribes have experienced extend back in time for hundreds of years, back to the establishment of the first permanent English settlement in America at Jamestown. For the Members of these tribes are the descendants of the great Powhatan Confederacy who greeted the English and provided food and assistance that ensured the settlers' early survival.

Six years ago, America celebrated the 400th anniversary of the settlement of Jamestown.